## Corrected

## In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS
No. 18-744V
UNPUBLISHED

Petitioner.

٧.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: June 5, 2020

Special Processing Unit (SPU); Joint Stipulation on Damages; Influenza (Flu) Vaccine; Tetanus Diphtheria acellular Pertussis (Tdap) Vaccine; Shoulder Injury Related to Vaccine Administration (SIRVA)

Brian L. Cinelli, Marcus & Cinelli, Williamsville, NY, for petitioner.

Camille Michelle Collett, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

## **DECISION ON JOINT STIPULATION**<sup>1</sup>

On May 25, 2018, filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, et seq.,² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleges that he suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration ("SIRVA") caused by influenza ("flu") and Tetanus-diphtheria-acellular pertussis ("Tdap") vaccinations administered on September 1, 2015. Petition at 1; Stipulation, filed June 3, 2020, at ¶¶ 2, 4. Petitioner further alleges that the vaccines were administered within the United States, that he experienced the residual effects of his condition for more than six months, and that there has been no prior award or settlement of a civil action for damages as a result of his condition. Stipulation at ¶¶ 3-5. "Respondent denies that petitioner sustained a SIRVA Table injury, and further

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all "§" references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

denies that the vaccines are the cause of his alleged right shoulder injury or injection site reaction or any other injury or condition." Stipulation at ¶ 6.

Nevertheless, on June 3, 2020, the parties filed the attached joint stipulation, stating that a decision should be entered awarding compensation. I find the stipulation reasonable and adopt it as my decision awarding damages, on the terms set forth therein.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Stipulation, I award the following compensation:

A lump sum of \$45,000.00 in the form of a check payable to Petitioner. Stipulation at  $\P$  8. This amount represents compensation for all items of damages that would be available under  $\S$  15(a). *Id*.

I approve the requested amount for Petitioner's compensation. In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.<sup>3</sup>

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran
Brian H. Corcoran
Chief Special Master

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.